

FIG. 1

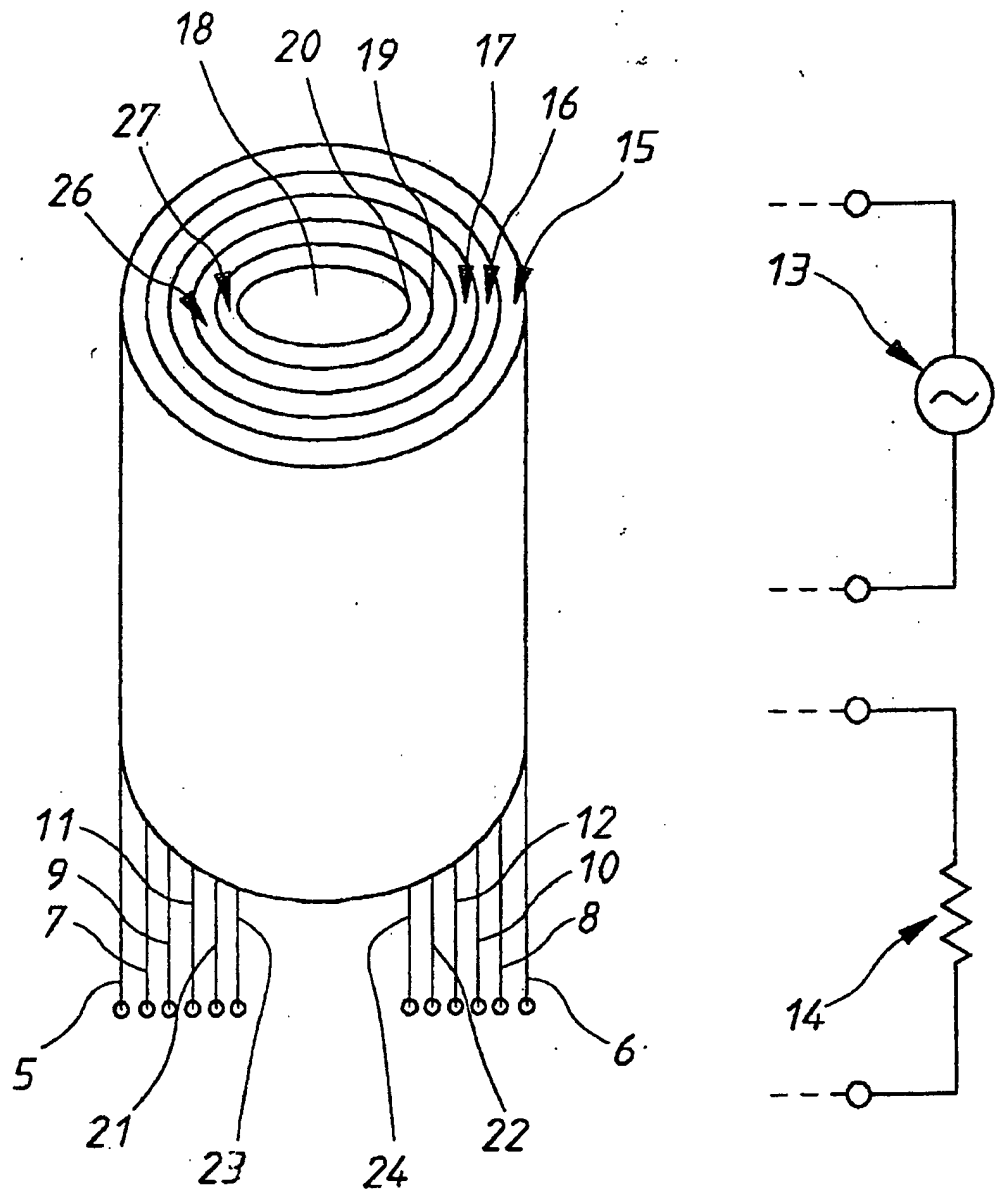


FIG.2

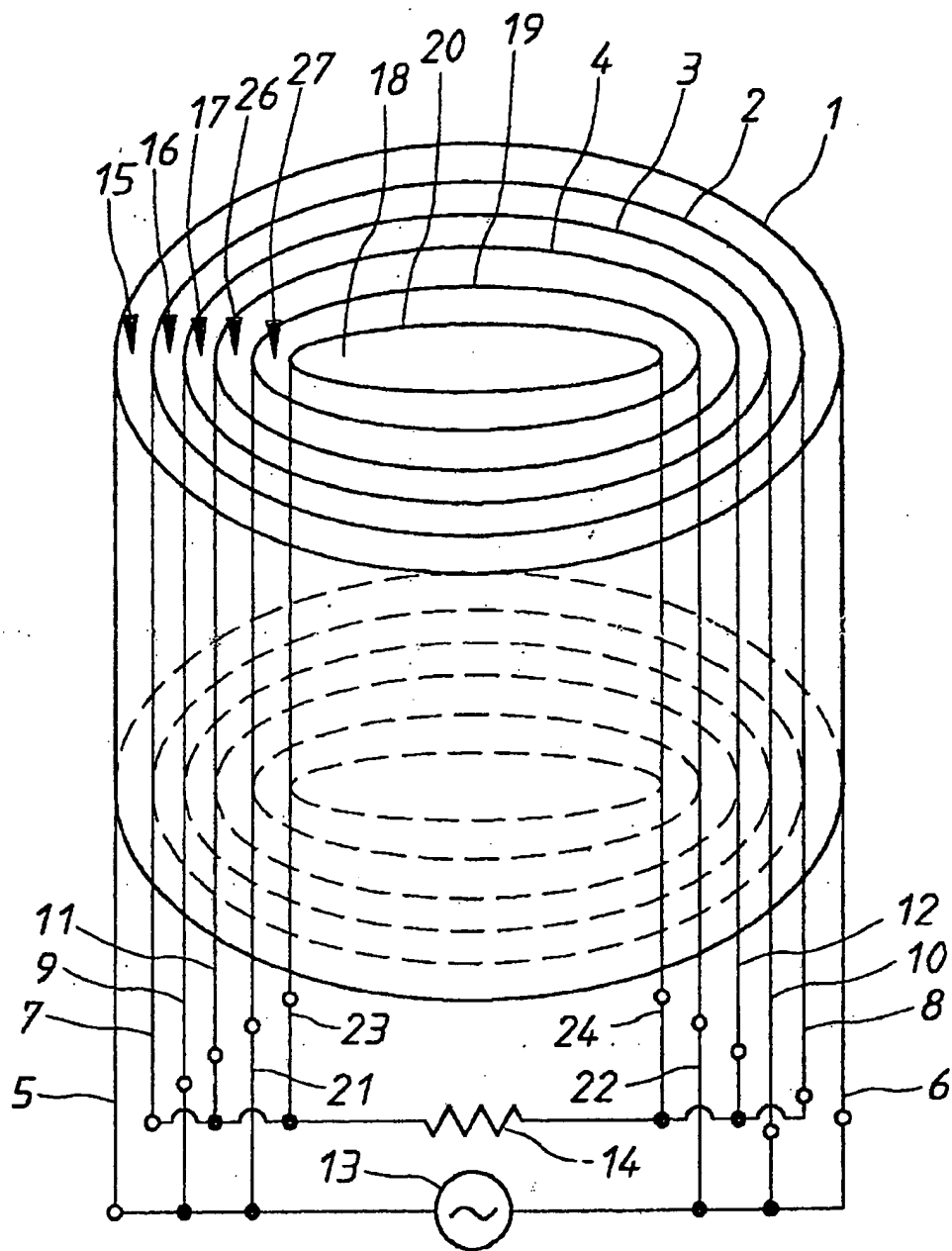


FIG.3

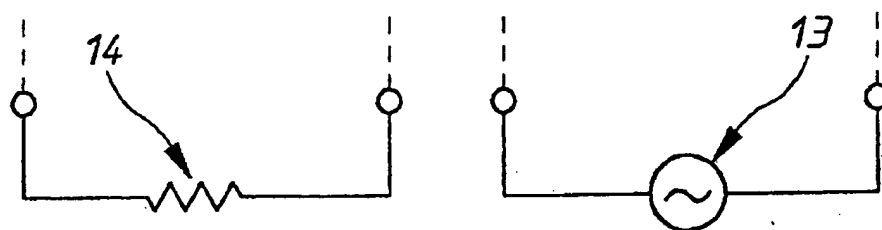
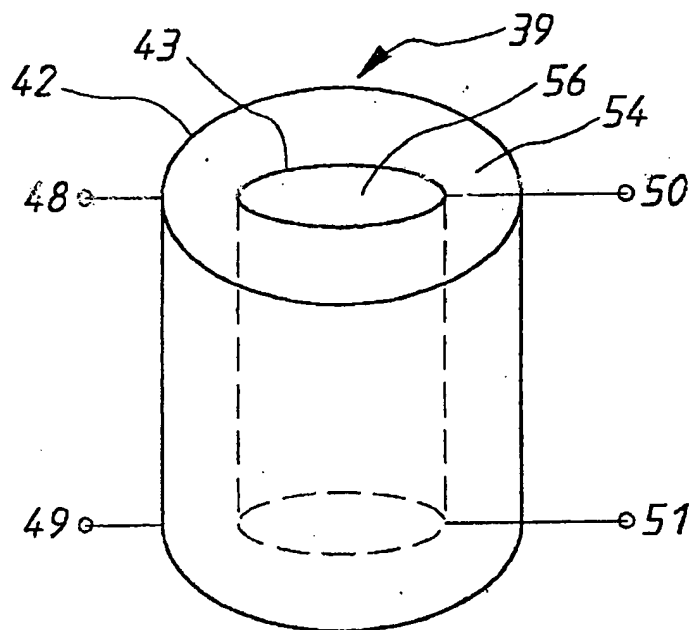
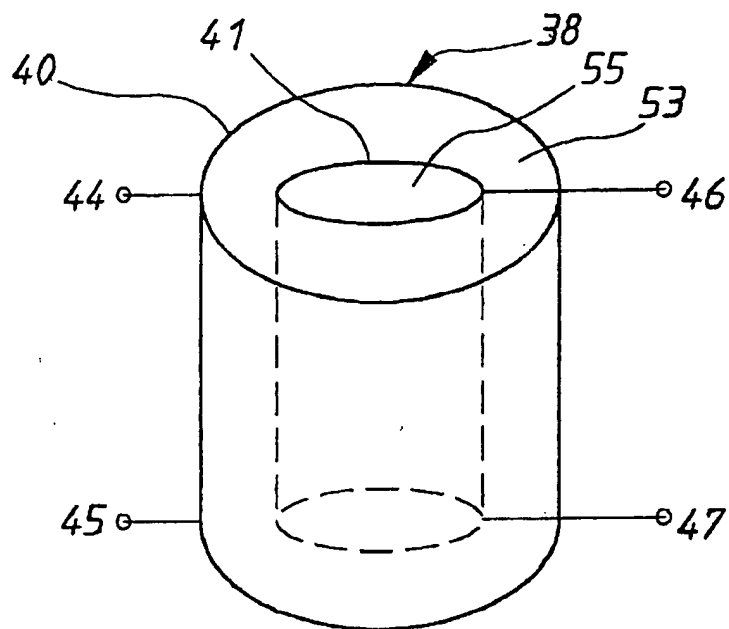


FIG. 4

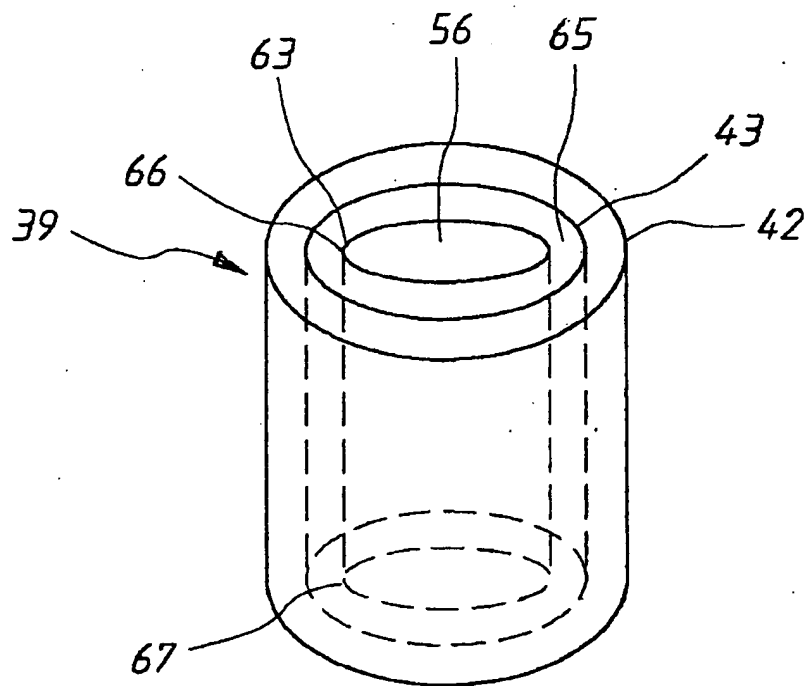
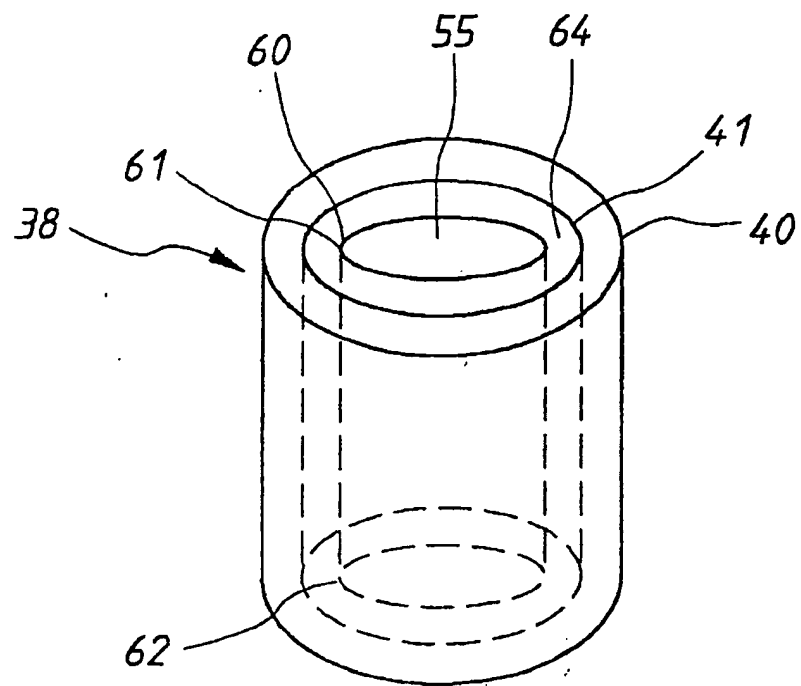
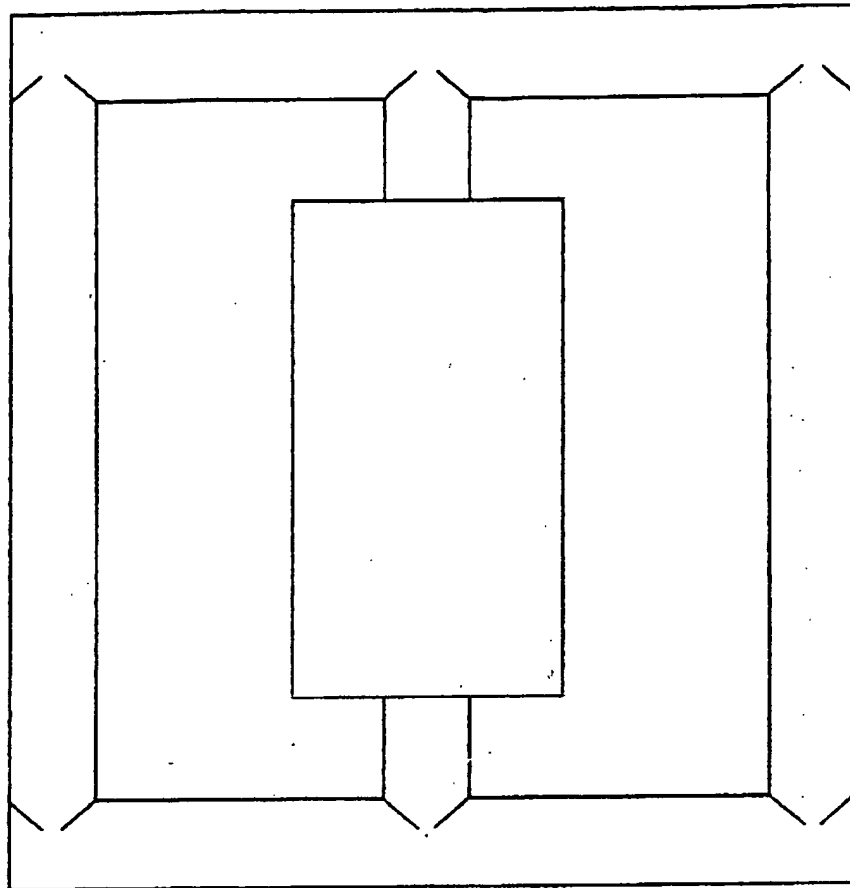


FIG. 5



"2500 m 2:1 core 1.75 T"

Rating 100 kVA, 6.6 kV/240 V Star:Star

5.1 A Primary AC current

140 A Secondary AC current

|                               |                              |  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Core Type                     | Limb Length = 0.496 m        | Primary coil loss = 25 Watts (calculated) (5 W if twisted)           |
| Acore = 0.0052 m <sup>2</sup> | Yoke Length = 0.5909 m       | Estimated Secondary coil loss = 25 Watts (5 W if twisted)            |
| Dcore = 0.081 m               | Imag ~ 0.1 Amps              | Core loss = 150 W (1.5 W/kg)   |
| IDS = 0.1413 m                | Np = 3628 Turns              | 3 phase coil losses = 150 Watts (30 W twisted)                       |
| ODs = 0.1518 m                | Ns = 132 Turns               | Including cryogenic cost = ca 1500 watts (300 W if twisted)          |
| IDp = 0.1718                  | Ip = 5.1 A rms               | Total losses = 1650 Watts (450 W if twisted) (1000 W conventionally) |
| ODp = 0.1891                  | Is = 140 A rms               | 3Ph efficiency = 98.35 % (99.55 % if twisted)                        |
| Hp = Hs = 0.406 m             | Ps = 10 (Secondary Pancakes) |  |
| 3f Vol = 102 litres           | Pp = 147 (Primary Pancakes)  |  |

FIG.6

Comparison of the maximum parallel fields developed on the windings of a 100 KVA HTS transformer using non-lapped winding arrangements.

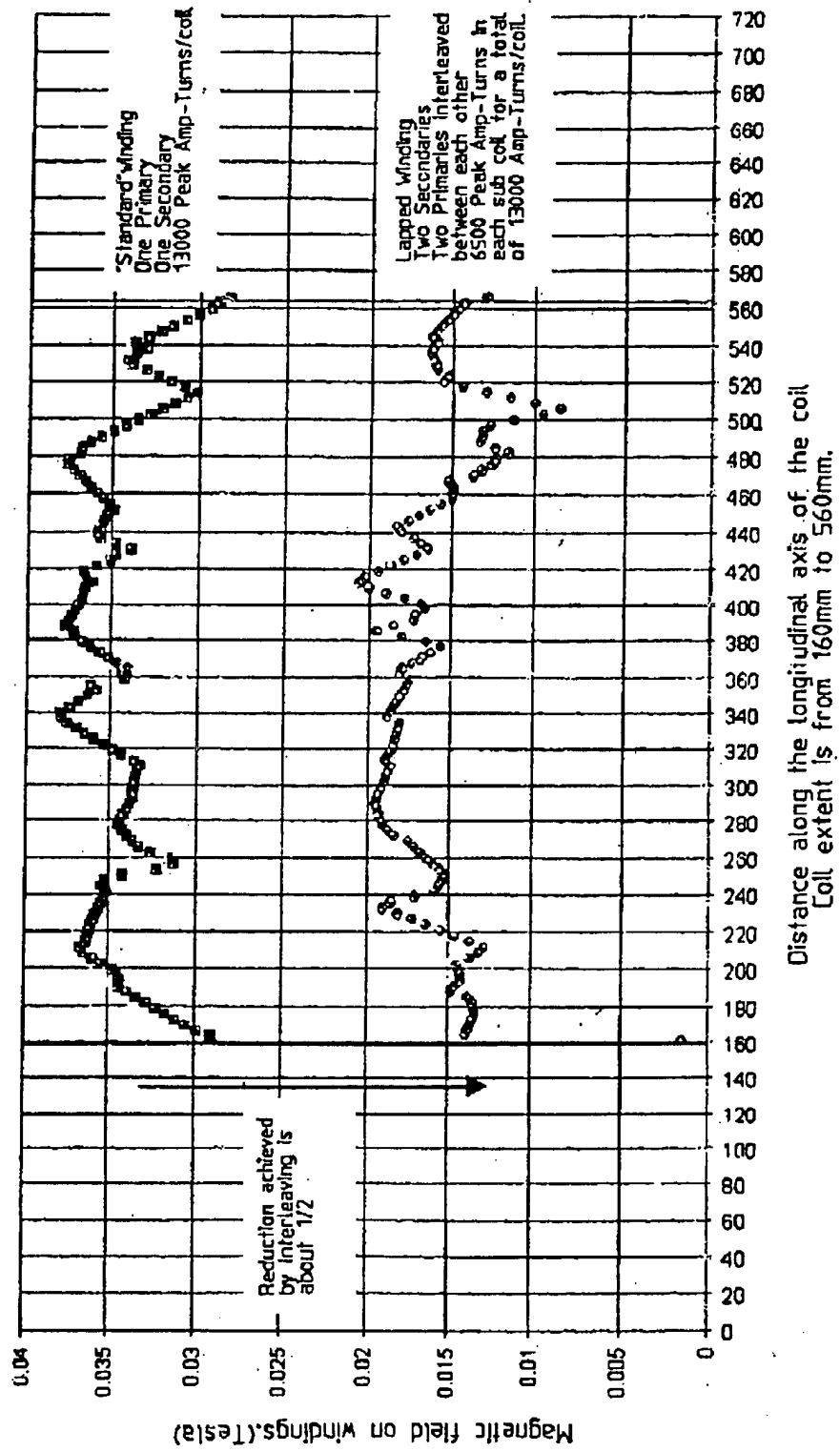


FIG.7

Fields developed in transformer design  
of the preferred embodiment.

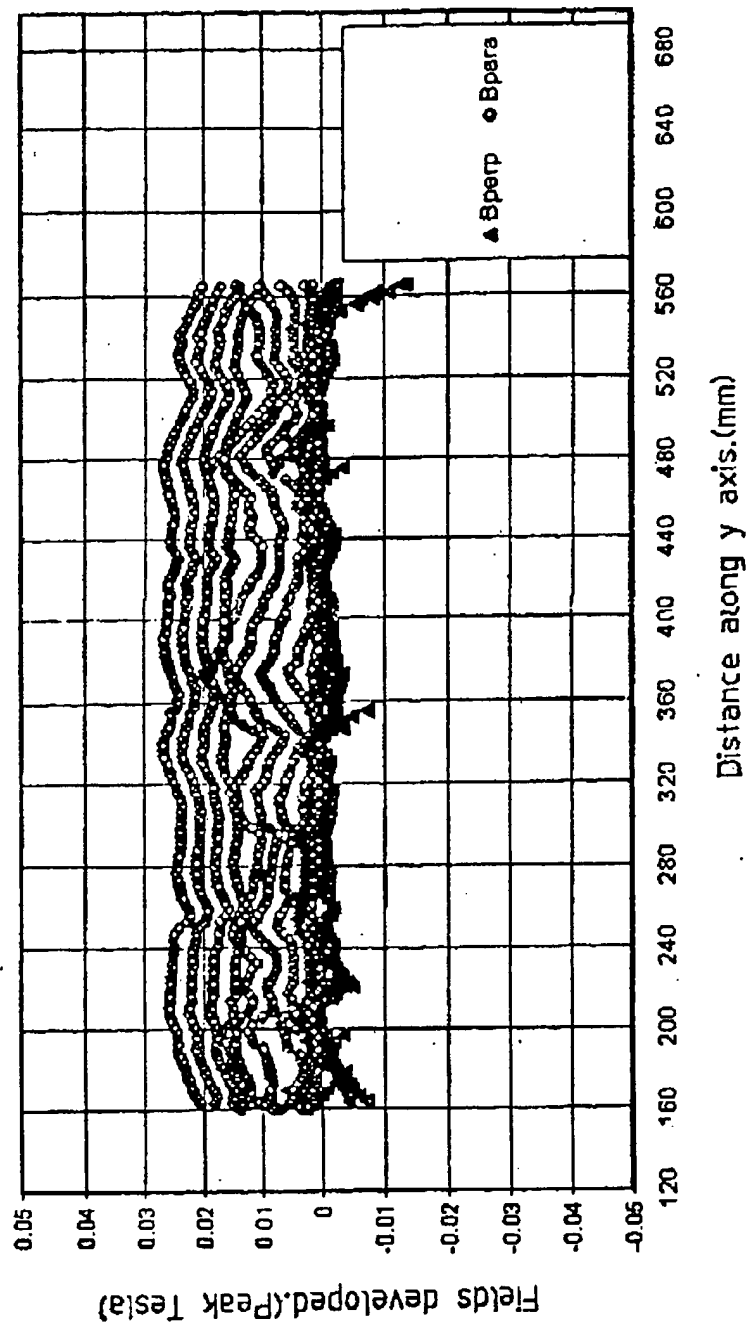
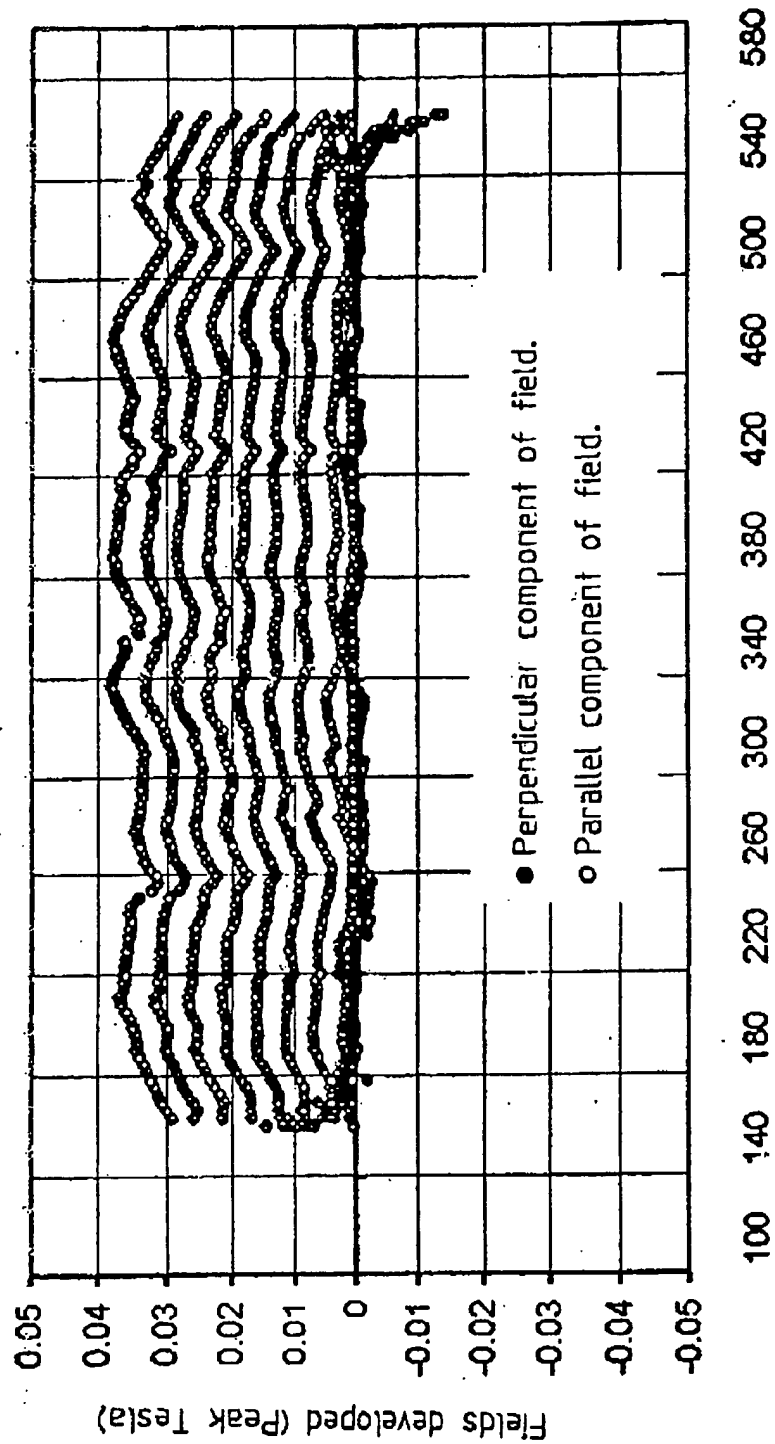


FIG.8



Fields developed in prior art transformer.



Distance along Core Axis.(mm)

FIG. 9

Figure 10(a)

AC loss components of twisted ( $P = 10$  mm, 37 MF) and straight filament pure silver matrix HTS tape

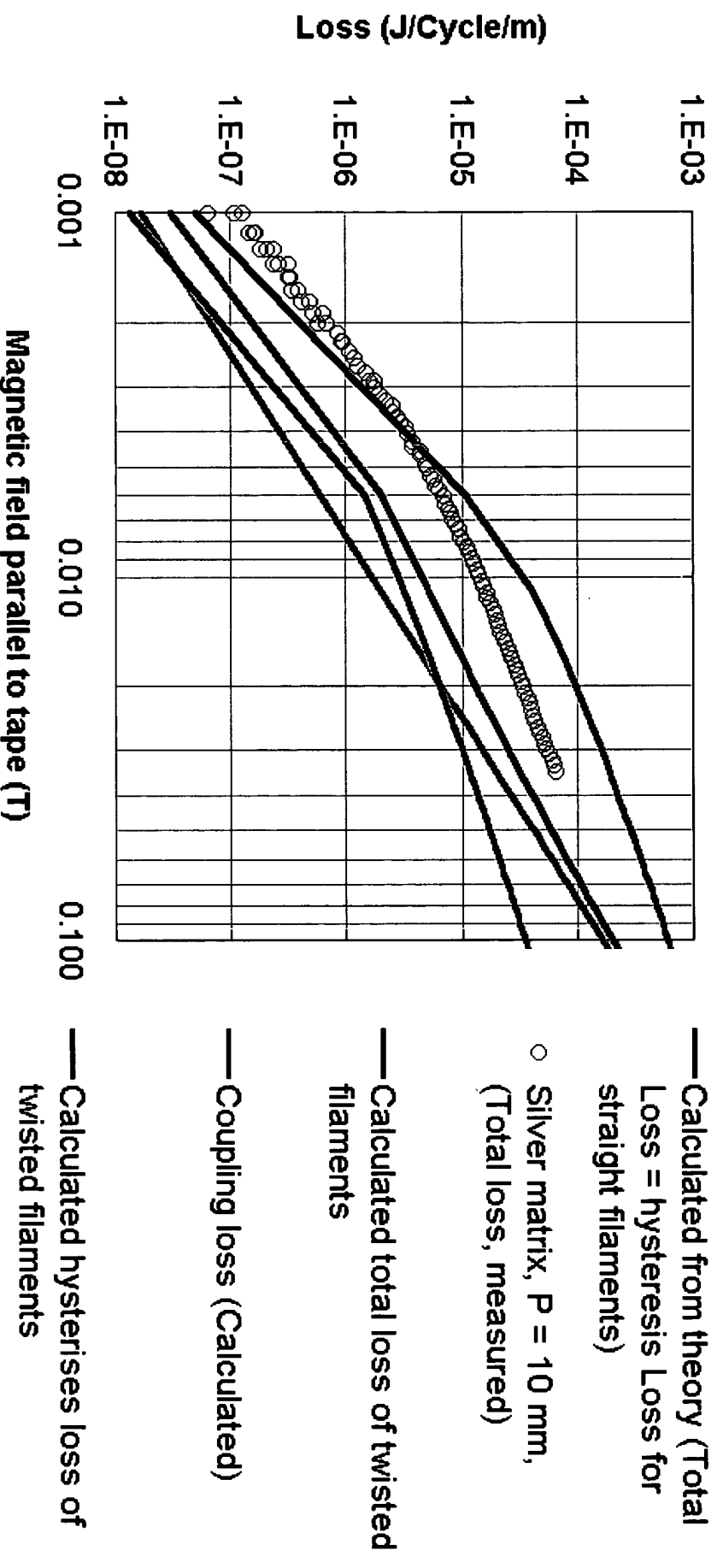


Figure 10(b)

AC loss components of twisted ( $P = 10$  mm, 37 MF) and straight filament pure silver matrix HTS tape compared with Sb/Ag matrix alloy tape ( $P = 4$  mm, 37 MF)

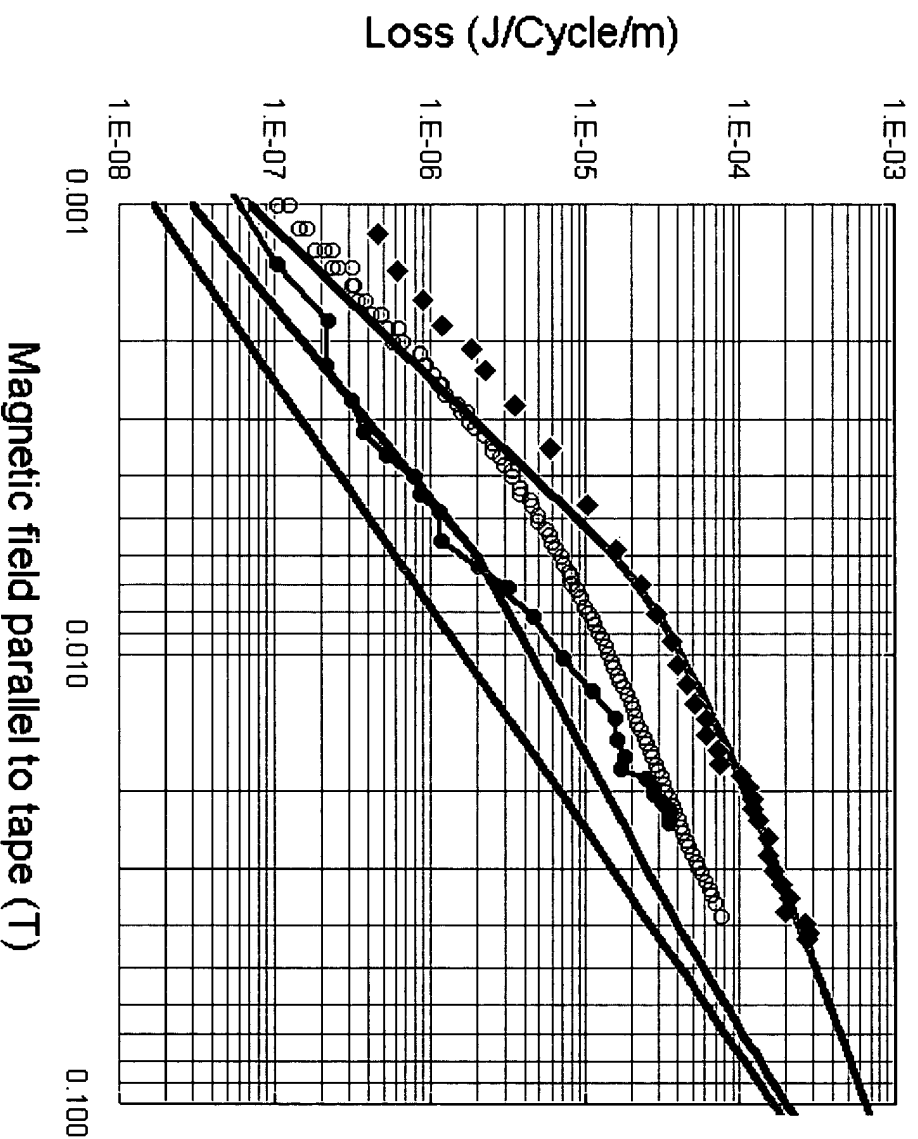
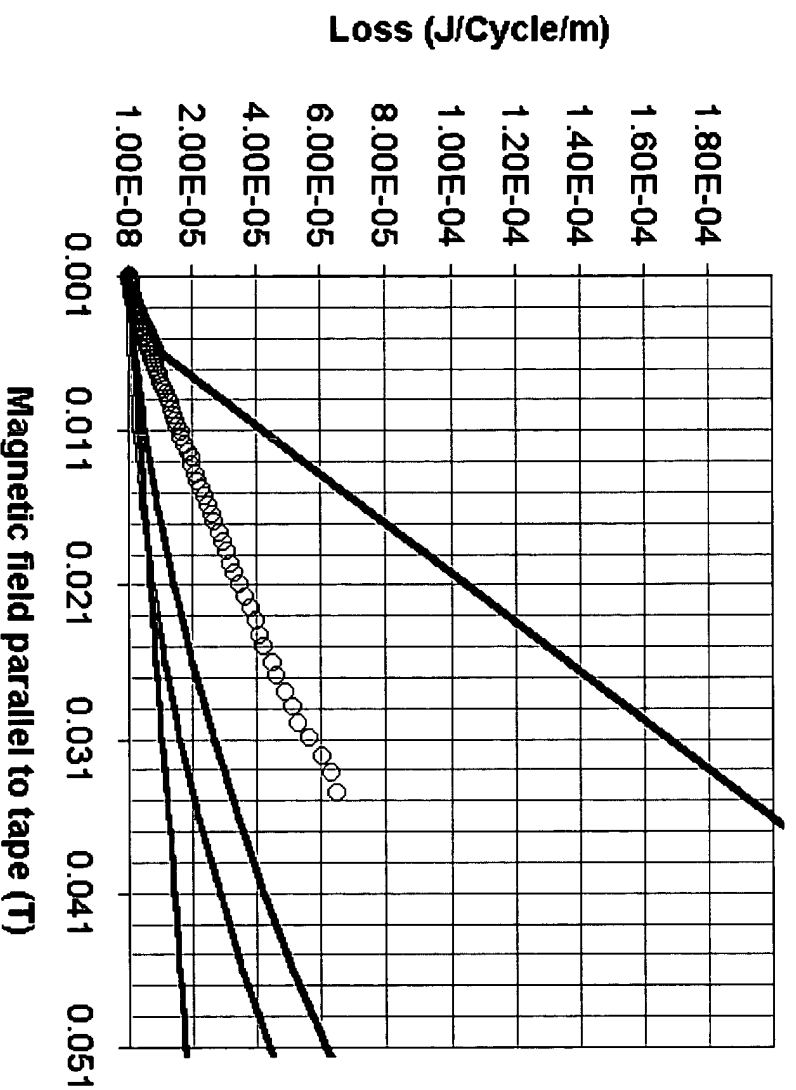


Figure 10(c)

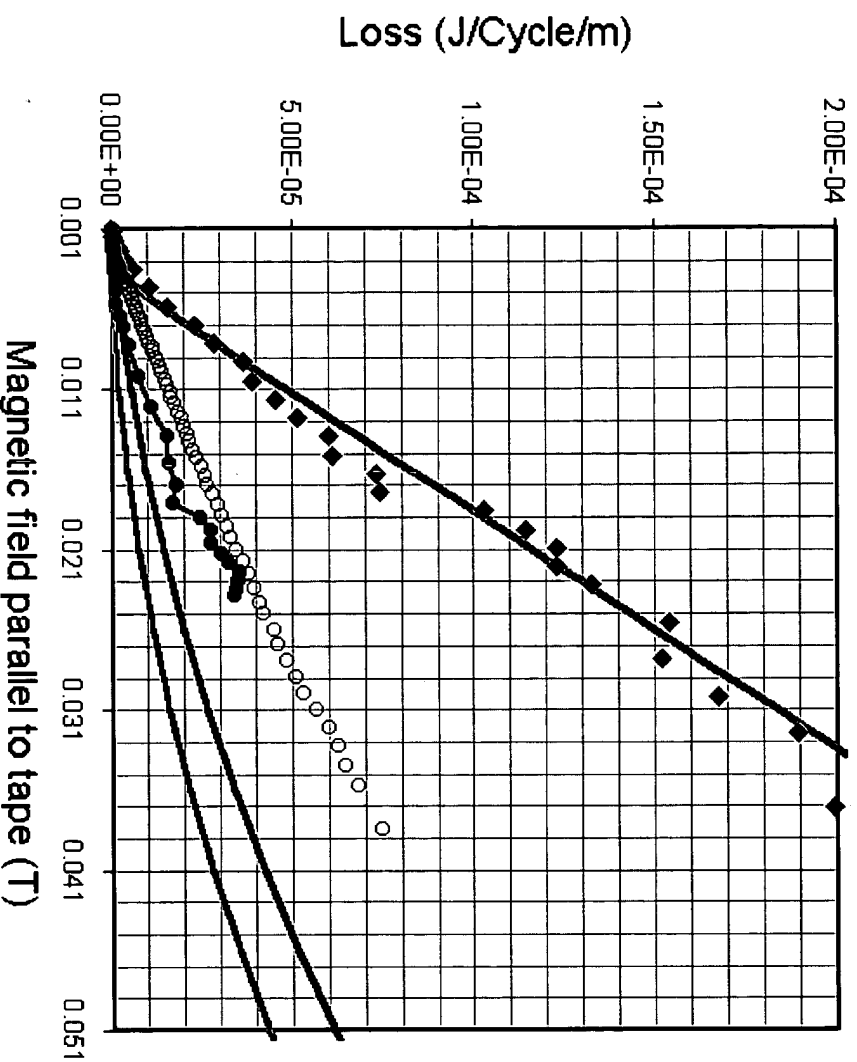
AC loss components of twisted ( $P = 10$  mm, 37 MF) and straight filament pure silver matrix HTS tape



- Calculated from theory (Total Loss = hysteresis Loss for straight filaments)
- Silver matrix,  $P = 10$  mm, (Total loss, measured)
- Calculated total loss of twisted filaments
- Coupling loss (Calculated)
- Calculated hysteresis loss of twisted filaments

Figure 10(d)

AC loss components of twisted ( $P = 10$  mm, 37 MF) and straight filament pure silver matrix HTS tape compared with Sb/Ag matrix alloy tape ( $P = 4$  mm, 37 MF)



- Calculated from theory (Total Loss = hysteresis loss for straight filaments)
- ◆ Measured loss of control (Total loss = hysteresis loss)
- Silver matrix,  $P = 10$  mm, (Total loss, measured)
- Silver - Antimony matrix  $P = 4$  mm (Total Loss measured)
- Coupling loss (Calculated)
- Decoupled loss (Calculated)

Figure 10(e)

AC loss components of twisted ( $P = 10$  mm, 37 MF) and straight filament pure silver matrix HTS tape compared with Sb/Ag matrix alloy tape ( $P = 4$  mm, 37 MF)  
Detail showing improvement

